

# Maths Class 12 Formula

## Calculus Formulas

- $\int f(x) dx = F(x) + C$
- **Power Rule:**  $\int x^n dx = (x^{n+1}) / (n+1) + C$ . (Where  $n \neq -1$ )
- **Exponential Rules:**  $\int e^x dx = e^x + C$
- $\int a^x dx = a^x / \ln(a) + C$
- $\int \ln(x) dx = x \ln(x) - x + C$
- **Constant Multiplication Rule:**  $\int a dx = ax + C$ , where  $a$  is the constant.
- **Reciprocal Rule:**  $\int (1/x) dx = \ln(x) + C$
- **Sum Rules:**  $\int [f(x) + g(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx + \int g(x) dx$
- **Difference Rules:**  $\int [f(x) - g(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx - \int g(x) dx$
- $\int k f(x) dx = k \int f(x) dx$ , , where  $k$  is any real number.
- **Integration by parts:**  $\int f(x) g(x) dx = f(x) \int g(x) dx - \int [d/dx f(x) \times \int g(x) dx] dx$
- $\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$
- $\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$
- $\int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$
- $\int \operatorname{cosec}^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$
- $\int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$
- $\int \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x dx = -\operatorname{cosec} x + C$

## Trigonometry Formulas

- $\sin^{-1}(-x) = -\sin^{-1}x$
- $\tan^{-1}x + \cot^{-1}x = \pi / 2$
- $\sin^{-1}x + \cos^{-1}x = \pi / 2$
- $\cos^{-1}(-x) = \pi - \cos^{-1}x$
- $\cot^{-1}(-x) = \pi - \cot^{-1}x$

## 3-D Geometry Formulas

- **Cartesian equation of a plane:**  $lx + my + nz = d$

- **Distance between two points P(x<sub>1</sub>, y<sub>1</sub>, z<sub>1</sub>) and Q(x<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>, z<sub>2</sub>):**  $PQ = \sqrt{((x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2)}$